NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR HEALTH AND CARE EXCELLENCE

INTERVENTIONAL PROCEDURES PROGRAMME

Equality impact assessment

IPG569 Single-anastomosis duodeno-ileal bypass with sleeve gastrectomy for treating morbid obesity

The impact on equality has been assessed during guidance development according to the principles of the NICE Equality scheme.

Briefing

1. Have any potential equality issues been identified during the scoping process (development of the scope or discussion at the Committee meeting), and, if so, what are they?

26% of both men and women aged 16 or over in England were classified as obese (Body Mass Index (BMI) 30kg/m2 or over) and 1.6% of men and 3.9% of women were classified as morbidly obese (BMI of 40kg/m2 or over) in 2010. During the same year, 17% of boys and 15% of girls (aged 2 to 15) in England were classified as obese. The prevalence of obesity is similar among men and women, but women are more likely than men to have extremely high BMI values.

The prevalence of obesity increases with age. Children living in the most deprived areas are more likely to be obese than those living in less deprived neighbourhoods.

Compared with the general population, the prevalence of obesity is lower in men of Bangladeshi and Chinese family origin, whereas it is higher for women of African, Caribbean and Pakistani family origin. Obesity is associated with an increased risk of co-morbidities including cardiovascular disease, diabetes and some cancers.

Obesity may be covered by the Equality Act 2010 if it results in long-term (lasts at least 12 months) substantial adverse effects on normal day-to-day activities.

2. What is the preliminary view as to what extent these potential equality issues need addressing by the Committee? If there are exclusions listed in the scope (for example, populations, treatments or settings), are these justified?

This was not thought to have an impact on the assessment of the procedure.

3.	Has any change to the scope (such as additional issues raised during the Committee meeting) been agreed to highlight potential equality issues?	
No		
Approved by Programme Director and Clinical Advisor		
Date:	K Harris 28/09/2016	
Consultation		
1.	Have the potential equality issues identified during the scoping process been addressed by the Committee, and, if so, how?	
No specific data relating to the potential equality issues were identified in the literature presented in the overview.		
2.	Have any other potential equality issues been raised in the overview, specialist adviser questionnaires or patient commentary, and, if so, how has the Committee addressed these?	
No		
3.	Have any other potential equality issues been identified by the Committee, and, if so, how has the Committee addressed these?	
No		
4.	Do the preliminary recommendations make it more difficult in practice for a specific group to access a technology or intervention compared with other groups? If so, what are the barriers to access for the specific group?	

No		
NO		
5.	Are there any recommendations or explanations that the Committee could make to remove or alleviate barriers to access identified in question 4, or otherwise fulfil NICE's obligation to promote equality?	
Not applicable		
6.	Have the Committee's considerations of equality issues been described in the consultation document, and, if so, where?	
No		
Approved by Programme Director and Clinical Advisor		
	oved by I rogramme Director and Omnical Advisor	
Date:	K Harris 29/09/2016	
	K Harris 29/09/2016	
Final	K Harris 29/09/2016 interventional procedures document Have any additional potential equality issues been raised during the	

3. If the recommendations have changed after consultation, are there any recommendations or explanations that the Committee could make to remove or alleviate barriers to access identified in question 2, or otherwise

Not applicable

	fulfil NICE's obligations to promote equality?	
Not applicable		
4.	Have the Committee's considerations of equality issues been described in the final interventional procedures document, and, if so, where?	
No		

Approved by Programme Director Mirella Marlow

Date: 29 September 2016