

IPG370 – Percutaneous closure of patent foramen ovale for recurrent migraine

The mandated classifications (OPCS-4 or ICD-10) provide a method to collect and aggregate data to allow accurate and consistent data analysis.

Procedure:

OPCS-4 code(s):

K16.5 Percutaneous transluminal closure of patent oval foramen with prosthesis

Y53.- Approach to organ under image control

Or

Y68.- Other approach to organ under image control

Note: Codes in category **Y53 Approach to organ under image control** and **Y68 Other approach to organ under image control** are used as additional codes for any procedure that uses image control that may or may not be performed via percutaneous approach.

Note: When a procedure has been performed using image control and the code that classifies the procedure **does not** state the type of image control used, then a code from these categories **must be** assigned. If the specific method of image control is not stated, the fourth-character **.9** must be assigned.

U20.1 Transthoracic echocardiography (if carried out)

U20.2 Transoesophageal echocardiography (if carried out)

Note: Additional code(s) from **Y97.- Radiology with contrast** and/or **Y98.- Radiology procedures** should be assigned following **U20.1/U20.2** when performed.

Diagnosis or health condition:

ICD-10 code(s):

Q21.1 Atrial septal defect

G43.- Migraine

Clinical coding recommendations for NICE guidance

For each published interventional procedure guidance, we work with NHS England to provide relevant clinical coding information.

The mandated classifications (OPCS-4 or ICD-10) provide a method to collect and aggregate data to allow accurate and consistent data analysis.

NICE and NHS England Terminology and Classifications Delivery Service work collaboratively to ensure the most appropriate OPCS-4 and ICD-10 codes are provided.

NHS England is the national release centre for the UK edition of ICD-10 and OPCS-4. Further Classifications information, see [here](#).