IPG390 - Endovascular stent-grafting of popliteal aneurysms

SNOMED CT provides clinical terms for entry into the patient record to record clinical information relevant to that encounter; the mandated classifications (OPCS-4 or ICD-10) provide a method to collect and aggregate data to allow accurate and consistent data analysis.

Procedure and device:

SNOMED CT preferred term (concept ID)

Fluoroscopic angiography of popliteal artery using contrast with insertion of stent graft (434365006)

OPCS-4 code(s):

Arteriotomy approach:

L63.5 Percutaneous transluminal insertion of stent into femoral artery

Includes: Popliteal artery

O20.- Endovascular placement of stent graft

Y78.1 Arteriotomy approach to organ using image guidance with fluoroscopy

Z38.6 Popliteal artery

Percutaneous approach:

L63.5 Percutaneous transluminal insertion of stent into femoral artery

Includes: Popliteal artery

O20.- Endovascular placement of stent graft

Y53.4 Approach to organ under fluoroscopic control

Z38.6 Popliteal artery

Diagnosis or health condition:

SNOMED CT preferred term (concept ID)

Aneurysm of popliteal artery (48273005)

ICD-10 code(s):

I72.4 Aneurysm and dissection of artery of lower extremity

Clinical coding recommendations for NICE guidance

For each published interventional procedure and medical technologies guidance, we work with NHS Digital to provide relevant clinical coding information.

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The UK Edition of SNOMED CT is managed by the Clinical Terminology Service of NHS Digital. For further information including licensing, see UK Terminology Centre — NHS Digital.

The Clinical Classifications Service of NHS Digital is the central definitive source for clinical coding guidance and determines the coding standards associated with the classifications (OPCS-4 and ICD-10) to be used across the NHS. The Clinical Classifications Service and NICE work collaboratively to ensure the most appropriate classification codes are provided. Clinical Classifications Service — NHS Digital.