

IP395/2 Intravesical microwave hyperthermia with intravesical chemotherapy for superficial bladder cancer

SNOMED CT provides clinical terms for entry into the patient record to record clinical information relevant to that encounter; the mandated classifications (OPCS-4 or ICD-10) provide a method to collect and aggregate data to allow accurate and consistent data analysis.

Procedure and device:

SNOMED CT preferred term (concept ID)

Intravesical microwave hyperthermia (840911000000106)

Bladder instillation of anticarcinogenic agent (44194005)

OPCS-4 code(s):

This type of heated chemotherapy cannot currently be specifically captured using OPCS-4.

At present this is captured using the following codes:

M49.8 Other specified other operations on bladder

M49.4 Introduction of therapeutic substance into bladder

X70-X71 Procurement of drugs for chemotherapy for neoplasm in Bands 1-10
(depending on the cytotoxic drug used)

X72 Delivery of chemotherapy for neoplasm

(the delivery code is for outpatients and day cases only)

Y53.2 Approach to organ under ultrasonic control (if used)

Diagnosis or health condition:

SNOMED CT preferred term (concept ID)

Carcinoma of urinary bladder, superficial (425231005)

ICD-10 code(s):

C67. - Malignant neoplasm of bladder

Clinical coding recommendations for NICE guidance

For each published interventional procedure and medical technologies guidance, we work with NHS Digital to provide relevant clinical coding information.

SNOMED CT provides clinical terms for entry into the patient record to store clinical information relevant to that encounter.

The mandated classifications (OPCS-4 or ICD-10) provide a method to collect and aggregate data to allow accurate and consistent data analysis.

The UK Edition of SNOMED CT is managed by the Clinical Terminology Service of NHS Digital. For further information including licensing, see [here](#).

The Clinical Classifications Service of NHS Digital is the central definitive source for clinical coding guidance and determines the coding standards associated with the classifications (OPCS-4 and ICD-10) to be used across the NHS. The Clinical Classifications Service and NICE work collaboratively to ensure the most appropriate classification codes are provided. [Clinical Classifications Service — NHS Digital](#).