



Evidence reviews

Evidence review

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The following documents contain the evidence that was used to develop these recommendations:

- [Risk factors for predicting presence of an abdominal aortic aneurysm](#)
- [Imaging techniques to diagnose abdominal aortic aneurysms](#)
- [Risk factors associated with abdominal aortic aneurysm growth or rupture](#)
- [Monitoring for abdominal aortic aneurysm expansion and risk of rupture](#)
- [Non-surgical interventions for slowing aneurysm growth and reducing the risk of rupture](#)
- [Thresholds for abdominal aortic aneurysm repair](#)
- [Tests for predicting outcomes after repair of unruptured abdominal aortic aneurysms](#)
- [Risk assessment tools for predicting surgical outcomes of patients who undergo elective abdominal aortic aneurysm repair](#)
- [CT angiography with post-processing techniques](#)
- [Pre- and postoperative interventions to optimise outcomes after abdominal aortic aneurysm repair](#)
- [Effectiveness of endovascular aneurysm repair, open surgical repair and non-surgical management of unruptured abdominal aortic aneurysms](#)
- [Observational evidence on the effectiveness of endovascular aneurysm repair compared with open surgical repair of unruptured abdominal aortic aneurysms](#)
- [Anaesthesia and analgesia for people having surgical repair of an abdominal aortic aneurysm](#)
- [Goal-directed therapy during repair of unruptured and ruptured abdominal aortic aneurysms](#)
- [Signs, symptoms and risk factors predicting ruptured or symptomatic unruptured aneurysms before arrival at the hospital, and in non-specialist hospital settings](#)
- [Signs, symptoms and risk factors indicating suitability for transfer to a regional vascular service](#)
- [Time period for transfer to regional vascular services](#)
- [Permissive hypotension during transfer of people with ruptured abdominal aortic aneurysm to regional vascular services](#)
- [Use of tranexamic acid during transfer of people with ruptured or symptomatic abdominal aortic aneurysm](#)
- [Risk factors for predicting survival after abdominal aortic aneurysm rupture](#)
- [Effectiveness of endovascular aneurysm repair compared with open surgical repair of ruptured abdominal aortic aneurysms](#)
- [Preventing abdominal compartment syndrome following repair of ruptured abdominal aortic aneurysm](#)
- [Postoperative surveillance after surgical repair of abdominal aortic aneurysms](#)
- [Accuracy of imaging techniques in identifying complications after surgery](#)
- [Managing complications after abdominal aortic aneurysm repair](#)