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| National Institute for Health and Care Excellence |

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| Early submission |

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| Postnatal care |

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| Review questions |

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| NICE guideline tbc |

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| Review questions |

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| August 2020 |

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| Early submission |
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| Developed by the National Guideline Alliance part of the Royal College of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists |

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| EARLY SUBMISSION |
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Disclaimer

The recommendations in this guideline represent the view of NICE, arrived at after careful consideration of the evidence available. When exercising their judgement, professionals are expected to take this guideline fully into account, alongside the individual needs, preferences and values of their patients or service users. The recommendations in this guideline are not mandatory and the guideline does not override the responsibility of healthcare professionals to make decisions appropriate to the circumstances of the individual patient, in consultation with the patient and/or their carer or guardian.

Local commissioners and/or providers have a responsibility to enable the guideline to be applied when individual health professionals and their patients or service users wish to use it. They should do so in the context of local and national priorities for funding and developing services, and in light of their duties to have due regard to the need to eliminate unlawful discrimination, to advance equality of opportunity and to reduce health inequalities. Nothing in this guideline should be interpreted in a way that would be inconsistent with compliance with those duties.

NICE guidelines cover health and care in England. Decisions on how they apply in other UK countries are made by ministers in the [Welsh Government](http://wales.gov.uk/), [Scottish Government](http://www.scotland.gov.uk/), and [Northern Ireland Executive](http://www.northernireland.gov.uk/). All NICE guidance is subject to regular review and may be updated or withdrawn.

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# Review questions

| Review questions | |
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| **A** | **Length of postpartum stay** | |
| * How does the length of postpartum stay affect women and their babies (single births)? | |
| * How does the length of postpartum stay affect women and their babies (twins or triplets)? | |
| **B** | **Information transfer** | |
| * What information needs to be communicated between healthcare professionals at transfer of care from birth care team to community care? | |
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| * When should the first postnatal contact by midwives be made after transfer from place of birth to community care (twins or triplets)? | |
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| * What are perceived by parents to be the facilitators and barriers for starting and maintaining breastfeeding? | |
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| * What observations or clinical tools accurately predict breastfeeding difficulties? | |
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| * What support with breastfeeding do parents find helpful (twins or triplets)? | |
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| * What support with formula feeding do parents find helpful? | |