

# Upadacitinib for treating active ankylosing spondylitis

Information for the public

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Upadacitinib (Rinvoq) is available on the NHS as a possible treatment for active ankylosing spondylitis in adults, if:

- conventional therapy such as non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and physiotherapy have not worked well enough and
- tumour necrosis factor (TNF)-alpha inhibitors are not suitable or have not worked well enough.

Treatment should be stopped after 16 weeks if it is not working well enough.

If you are not eligible for upadacitinib but are already having it, you should be able to continue until you and your doctor decide when best to stop.

## Is this treatment right for me?

Your healthcare professionals should give you clear information, talk with you about your options and listen carefully to your views and concerns. Your family can be involved too, if you wish. Read more about [making decisions about your care](#).

## Questions to think about

- How well does it work compared with other treatments?
- What are the risks or side effects? How likely are they?
- How will the treatment affect my day-to-day life?
- What happens if the treatment does not work?
- What happens if I do not want to have treatment? Are there other treatments available?

## Information and support

The [NHS website](#) may be a good place to find out more.

This organisation can give you advice and support: [National Axial Spondyloarthritis Society](#), 020 8741 1515.

You can also get support from your local [Healthwatch](#).

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